WHIRDEC Meeting 2016

10th of December - Geneva

WHIRDEC Meeting – 2016
Agenda

- I – EU regulations : zootechnical / Animal Health
  - Schedule
  - Certificates
  - UELN

- II- Identification regulation 2015/262 :
  - Duplicates/Replacement documents
  - FEI requirements

- III-Equine Register
  - Digital passport app
    - Marking description
    - Vet app
    - Digital passport

http://www.ueln.net
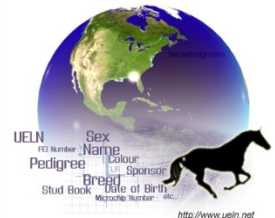
Proposals for a Regulation

- COM (2014) 5 final : proposal for a regulation on the zootechnical and genealogical conditions for trade of breeding animals.

  - Agenda : published the 29/06/2016 and entry into force November 2018
  - In preparation at the Commission : executive and delegated acts about zootechnical certificate, list of breeding societies, passport model in relationship with the delegated and executive acts from the animal health regulation
  - Next Commision meeting on the proposal of all those acts : 9/01/2017

- COM (2014) 260 final : proposal for a regulation on animal health.

  - Agenda : published the 31/03/2016 and entry into force in 2021
  - Delegated and executive acts in preparation from spring 2017 in relationship with delegated acts of the zootechnical regulation.
  - Issues :
    - to keep or not the Unique life number
    - New identification regulation

Zootechnical regulation

- Different topics in the regulation :
    - Recognised breed societies
    - Approval of breeding program
    - Rights and obligations of breeders, breed societies and breeding operations
    - Entry of purebred breeding animals in breeding books
    - Reproduction admission
    - performance testing or genetic evaluation and EU reference centres
    - Zootechnical certificates
    - Importation rules
    - Official controls by Member States

Zootechnical regulation

- Recognised breed societies increase their purposes, including some already done by others existing structures.

- Breed association/societies recognised as official breed societies would be able to delegate some missions toa third party, including performance testing and genetic evaluation.

- The approval of the geographical extension of a breeding programme, which is carried out on the same breed or on breeding animals that can be recruited from the breeding population of the existing breed society. However, the competent authority should have the legal base to refuse recognition or approval where there is a substantiated risk that such recognition or approval would compromise the preservation of a rare breed or the protection of the genetic diversity

- Breed societies maintaining breeding books for certain purebred breeding animals of the equine species should be permitted to continue laying down criteria for entry in those breeding books of purebred animals of the equine species on the basis of the need to regulate the entry of such equine animals when they are produced using artificial reproduction methods.

Zootechnical certificates

- Breeding animal zootechnical certificate
- Semen, ova, embryo certificate
  - Model
    - Content
  - Unique / separate document ?
    - UK / Spanish position

- Link with the health certificate (Belgium remark)
  - Who controls ?
  - Who delivers ?
  - What if no health certificate ?
  - Link with zootechnical certificate or covering certificate



http://www.ueln.net

UELN

- UELN in discussion in both regulation : zootechnical and Animal Health
  - Introduction of 'Unique Code'
  - Strong position of the Spanish ministry which only wants the microchip
  - Possible consequences on the future identification regulation

http://www.ueln.net
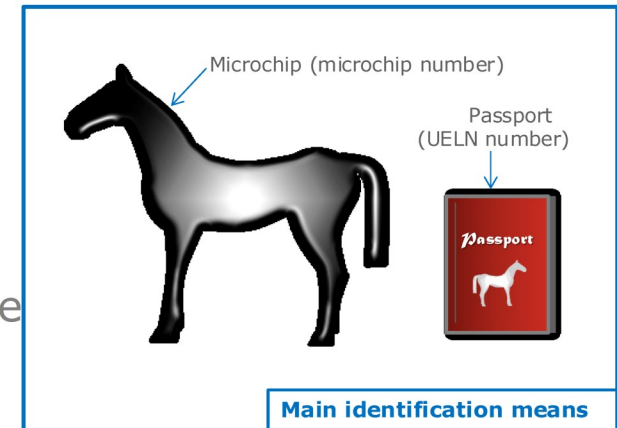
- Why is it important to keep the UELN ?
  - **Without UELN :**
    - No link with the original PIO
    - No link with original identity
    - Microchip can be damaged, destroyed, illegible

  - **With UELN :**
    - Link between the passeport and the database
    - Link between the horse and its microchip

  - **Why horses need 2 numbers to be identified ?**
    - Horses move much more than other animals and can be registered in many databases
    - There is no direct way to know the original PIO only with the microchip
    - There are a lot of PIO in EU, thanks to the microchip AND the UELN, it is easier to find the original information about a horse
    - With a proper use of both numbers, it prevents from re-identify a horse

Microchip (microchip number)

Passport (UELN number)

Passport

Main identification means

Other proposals

- COM (2014) 558 final : proposal for a regulation on veterinary medicaments
    - Agenda : adoption of the report from the deputy « Grossetête » in the agricultural commission of the European parliament on the 17/02/2016.
    - Beginning of the negociation in the European Council on the 15/03/2016 .
    - Issues raised : human consumption (the reintroduction of horses in the food chain, withdrawal of 6 month – sas de 6 mois) and medicative monitoring system
    - Next steps : in negociation at the European Council. plausible result under the Maltese presidency (January -June 2017) and trilogue after june 2017.
- COM (2013) 892 final : proposal for a regulation on cloning
    - Agenda : the 8/09/2015 in plenary session, the European Parliament took position against the cloning of farm animals, including horses. (No change since 2015)

WHIRDEC Meeting – 2016
Agenda
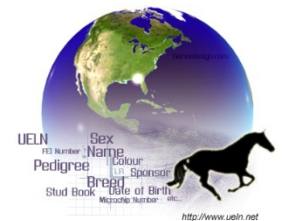
- I – EU regulations : zootechnical / Animal Health
  - Schedule
  - Certificates
  - UELN

- II- Identification regulation 2015/262 :
  - Duplicates/Replacement documents
  - FEI requirements

- III-Equine Register
  - Digital passport app
    - Marking description
    - Vet app
    - Digital passport

Implementation

- Situation in different countries
    - Model of passport
    - Central databases

Updates on passeport : introcuded/imported horses

- How do you proceed to send updates to original PIO / Central database for an introduced / imported horse ?
  - Which data ? Art 28
  - Update of ownership ? Do you send data to the original PIO ?

- Temporary vs definitive stay
  - How do you control it ?
    - How do you implement it for stallion (breeding season)?
    - Mare 90 days
    - Competition / races … 90 days
    - Others 30 days ?
    - Slaughter : 10 days with health certificate
- Horse upgraded from breeding and production to registered :
  - Keep the original UELN
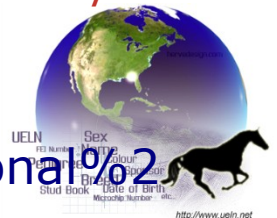
Duplicate / Replacement document

- When an owner/keeper requests for a replacement document instead of a duplicate and the case when :
  - You find the identity of the horse, thanks to the microchip
  - The owner/keeper refuses the duplicate from the original PIO
  - You got the autorisation from the original PIO to issue a replacement document
- Do you :
  - Keep the original UELN ?
  - Keep the country of birth ?
  - Keep the birth name ?
  - Issue a document without origins? (downgrade the horse)
- If you do not :
  - How do you inforce the owner/keeper to request a duplicate from the original PIO ?
- Do you autorise others PIO to issue duplicates even if you are the original PIO ?
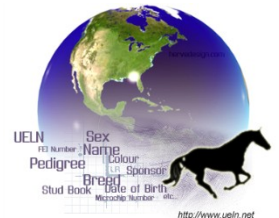
Horses Identification data – FEI requirements

- Copies of passport pages to issue FEI passport or recognition card → since 2016
  - Scan platform

- 1st of January 2017 →   Scan of identification pages for all new horses entered into FEI database
  - Improve data of horses
  - Manual control for data entered and data on the passport

- National Equine Passports : Approval Criteria
  - General points : comply with the EU recommandations (UELN, unique passport, name of the PIO…)
  - Horse description : Diagram / Written description / Validation / Microchip
  - Find more information here : http://inside.fei.org/system/files/Approval%20of%20national%20 0equine%20passports%20-%20FINAL_0.pdf

Horses Identification data – FEI requirements

- **FEI REGISTRATION NUMBER ONLY**
  - This is a horse that is added to the FEI Database that has a FEI ID number.
  - This horse can compete at 1* and 2* events in their country of residence on their national identification document.
  - They do not require a FEI document.

- **FEI PASSPORT and FEI RECOGNITION CARD (approved national passport and FEI RC cover)**
  - This is a FEI ID number with a document;
  - This is required if a horse wishes to compete in a higher level event, 3* events and higher, or any event outside of the horse' country of residence.

- I – EU regulations : zootechnical / Animal Health
  - Schedule
  - Certificates
  - UELN

- II- Identification regulation 2015/262 :
  - Duplicates/Replacement documents
  - FEI requirements

III-Equine Register

- Digital passport app
  - Marking description
  - Vet app
  - Digital passport

Next WHIRDEC

- Agenda for the next meeting
- Date
- Place

http://www.ueln.net